Curriculum Content Report Prepared November 6, 2019 – Delivered to MSEC November 19, 2019 Basic Sciences in the Clerkships Prepared by: Ken Olive

Community Medicine	-Pulmonary physiology relevant to interpretation of spirometry
	-Epidemiologic database research
Family Medicine	Anatomy
	-ankle
	-chest x-ray anatomy
	-coronary artery
	-knee
	-lumbosacral spine
	-male genitourinary
	-shoulder
	-skin (histology & 8immunology)
	Epidemiology
	-common causes of mortality
	-diabetes
	-colorectal cancer
	-general epidemiologic principles
	Pathophysiology
	-asthma
	-diabetes Mellitus type I
	-diabetes mellitus type II
	-diastolic dysfunction
	-ECG abnormalities
	-metabolic syndrome
	-stroke
	-Cardiovascular pharmacology, epidemiology, pathophysiology &
	genetics
	-Inherited coagulation disorders
	-Prenatal genetic testing
	-Pharmacology of drugs for headache
	-Antidepressant mechanisms of action
	-Role of H. pylori and immune response in gastritis and peptic
	ulcer disease
	-Microbiology of pediatric pneumonia
	-Pulmonary physiology relevant to interpretation of spirometry
Internal Medicine	Cardiology
	-myocardial physiology such as myocardial contraction via actin-
	myosin
	-action potential and Na-K transport
	-pharmacology of ACEI and blocking pathways.
	-pathophysiology of heart failure

	Rheumatology
	-pathophysiology of acute gout
	-autoantibodies in rheumatologic disease
	-immunologic basis of vasculitis
	-HLA B27 association with ankylosing spondylitis
	-infectious causes of reactive arthritis
	Neurology
	-review of cerebrovascular anatomy and basic neuroanatomy
	relevant to stroke syndromes
	-principles of localizing CNS lesions
	-pathophysiology of stroke
	Bleeding disorders
	-platelet physiology
	-pathophysiology of TTP
	-basic mechanisms of hemostasis
	-intrinsic and extrinsic pathways in clotting cascade
	-hemophilia genetics
	-pathophysiology of DIC
	-genetic causes of bleeding disorders
	Nephrology
	-pathophysiology of renal tubular acidosis
	-genetics of Alport syndrome
	-immunologic basis of glomerulonephritis
	-pathophysiology of oxalate stones in Crohn's disease
	Pulmonology
	-lung volumes and flow volume loops
	-pathophysiolgoy of COPD
	-pharmacology of bronchodilators
	Gastroenterology
	-pathophysiology of Barrett's esophagus
	-immunologic markers in viral hepatitis
	Endocrinology
	-adrenal gland anatomy and hormones
	-pathophysiology of hyperaldosteronism
	-genetics of pheochromocytoma
Obstetrics & Gynecology	Anatomy
Obstetrics & Gynecology	-Female pelvic anatomy
	Genetics
	-BRCA mutations and breast cancer
	-causes of gonadal dysgenesis
	- causes of premature ovarian failure
	Physiology
	-menstrual cycle
	-mensional cycle -pregnancy
	-Embryology of the vagina
	This yology of the vagina

Dedictuics	Anatom
Pediatrics	Anatomy
	-tympanic membrane
	-ventricular septal defect
	Epidemiology
	-obesity
	-pediatric brain tumors
	Genetics
	-Down Syndrome
	-common trisomies
	-prenatal genetic testing
	Pathophysiology
	-Asthma
	-Bronchiolitis
	-Croup
	-diabetic ketoacidosis
	-Hypothyroidism
	-Intussusception
	-Nephrotic syndrome
	-Pneumonia
	-Shock
	-Sickle cell disease
	Physiology
	-fetal growth
	-newborn bilirubin and jaundice
	-Antibiotic mechanisms of action
	-Bacterial resistance
	-pharmacology mechanisms of action during simulation exercises
	-Teratogens in pregnancy
	-Laboratory assessment of bleeding disorders
	-Natural history of Bordetella pertussis infections
	-Cerebellar function
	-Localization of CNS lesions
	-Toxicology of ingestions including lead
	-Hemoglobin types in newborns
Psychiatry	-Psychopharmacology Review
	-Neuroanatomy Review
Rural Primary Care Track	Anatomy
	-ankle
	-coronary artery
	-knee
	-lumbosacral spine
	-male genitourinary
	-shoulder
	Epidemiology
	-common causes of mortality
	-diabetes
	-colorectal cancer

	Pathophysiology
	-asthma
	-diabetes Mellitus type I
	-diabetes mellitus type II
	-diastolic dysfunction
	-metabolic syndrome
	-stroke
	-Inherited coagulation disorders -Prenatal genetic testing
	-Pharmacology of drugs for headache
	-Antidepressant mechanisms of action
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	disease
	-Microbiology of pediatric pneumonia
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Surgery	Anatomy
	-review of surgery relevant anatomy during cases
	-biliiary tract anatomy
	-diverticular disease Anatomy
	-inguinal hernia
	-lymphatic anatomy related breast cancer
	-pancreas
	-Pyloric stenosis anatomy
	-thyroid anatomy and embryology
	Pathophysiology
	 calcium metabolism, regulation of calcium by parathyroid
	hormone, role of kidneys, PTH related peptides
	-cholesterol solubility related to cholelithiasis
	-colorectal cancer pathophysiology – evolution -from adenoma to
	carcinoma
	-pancreatitis
	-Review of basic science foundational concepts during case
	presentations, e.g rationale for increased lipase in pancreatitis.
	-Adrenal gland histology and physiology
	-BRCA genes and breast cancer risk
	-Thyroid physiology