Curriculum Content Report – Liver Disease (GI A2b, GI A3b, GI A3c, GI B1a1c, GI B1a2b, GI B1b1, GI B2b13, GI B6, GI B11c) Prepared 1/10/18 by Ken Olive, MD

Year 1	
Course	Content
Medical Human Gross Anatomy and Embryology	Describe the formation of the liver and its function during fetal life
	Hepatocyte nuclear transcription factors: once
	established the liver serves as an hematopoietic
	organ during most of fetal life
	Liver and biliary tract anatomy
	Cholelithiasis
	Portal hypertension
Cellular & Molecular Medicine	Metabolism of Dietary Lipids
	bile acids
	bile, fat digestion
	cholestasis
	Enterohepatic circulation
	cholesterol transport
	Alcohol Metabolism
	alcohol dehydrogenase
	fatty liver disease
	Cholesterol and Lipoprotein Metabolism
Doctoring I	Case Based learning hepatitis case
	Introduction to physical exam – liver examination
Cell & Tissue Biology	Liver structure and function
Physiology	Define the physiological role of bile.
	Describe the functional anatomy of biliary
	tract/gallbladder system.
	Define the regulation of bile secretion.
	Describe pathophysiological alterations of the
	biliary tract/gallbladder system.
Year 2	
Microbiology	Hepatitis viruses – team based learning exercise
	Interpretation of viral serologies
Pathology	Hepatic failure, encephalopathy, hepatorenal
	syndrome
	Jaundice: Gilbert syndrome, Dubin-Johnson,
	Crigler-Najar
	Cirrhosis
	Portal hypertension: ascites, shunts,
	splenomegaly
	Drugs/Toxins: acetaminophen, Thorotrast, vinyl chloride
	Hepatitis: viral hepatitis, autoimmune hepatitis
	Fatty liver: alcoholic hepatitis, nonalcoholic fatty
	liver disease
	Cholestatic disease: neonatal, primary biliary
	cirrhosis, primary sclerosing cholangitis

	Metabolic disease: hemochromatosis, Wilson disease, alpha-1 antitrypsin deficiency Circulatory disease: Budd-Chiari syndrome, veno-occlusive disease Infectious disease: abscess, ameoba Benign tumors: hemangiomas, focal nodular hyperplasia, adenoma Malignant tumors: hepatoblastoma, hepatocellular carcinoma Gallbladder: cholelithiasis, cholecystitis, carcinoma Bile ducts: atresia, cholangitis,
	cholangiocarcinoma
Pharmacology	Role of liver In drug metabolism,
	biotransformation, and excretion
	Enterohepatic recirculation
	Antiviral drugs to treat viral hepatitis
	Hepatotoxicity of drugs
Year 3	
Internal Medicine Clerkship	Acute hepatitis
	Alcoholic hepatitis
	Viral Hepatitis
	Hepatorenal syndrome
	Interpretation of liver enzymes
	Interpretation of viral serologies
	Acetaminophen toxicity including interpretation
	of Rumack-Matthew nomogram
Surgery Clerkship	Wise MD skills module on use of ultrasound to
	diagnosis cholelithiasis and cholecystitis.